RAC Member Priorities Tracker Walking

In December 2021, 329 of our members¹ took part in a survey telling us their views and experiences about walking and what could be done to make it easier and safer to walk more often

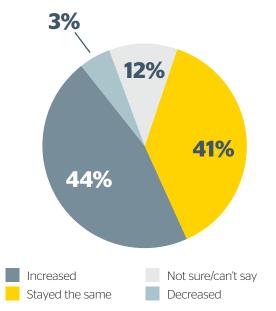
How often do our members walk outside for at least 10 minutes?



Walking in our local area

Over the last 12 months, nearly half (44%) of members estimate the amount of people walking and using the streets and public spaces in their local area has increased.

Just 3% thought that the amount of people walking in their local area declined in the last year.



¹ 243 from the Perth and Peel areas and 86 from regional WA. Age, gender and location sampling quotas were applied, and data has been post-weighted to be representative of RAC's membership (which is broadly consistent with the WA population profile) - the margin of error at total sample level is +/- 5.02% at the 95% confidence level

Respondents who were either 'satisfied' or 'very satisfied'.

Satisfaction with existing infrastructure

When members were asked how satisfied² they were with the quality and availability of infrastructure:



45%

27%

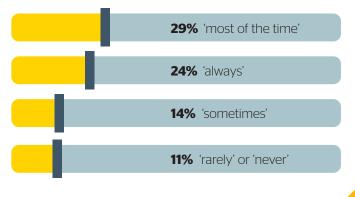
were satisfied with 'controlled crossings (e.g. at traffic lights)' vs. 55% in 2020

were satisfied with 'uncontrolled crossings (e.g. without lights such as mid-block and on side roads)'

Walking behaviour at signalised intersections



Just over half (53%) of all members 'wait for the green pedestrian light to cross the road' most of the time or always³:





³ A further 21% said 'not applicable to me'.

What stops us walking more often?

When asked what, if anything, stops members from walking more often, the top four responses were:



Parents under 45 years of age identify the 'need to do school drop off/pick-ups to/from work' as a key barrier to walking more often (25%)

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2 in 3 (66%) of those aged under 30 years, identify the weather as a key barrier

Nearly 1 in 4 (23%) of those aged 45 or older identify 'health or physical constrains/disability' as a barrier to walking more often

Members in the north-east were more likely to identify 'no local shops or amenities in walking distance' as being a key barrier (21%), those in the north-west were more likely to say walking is too time consuming (28%), and safety was a key concern for those in the south metro/Peel subregion⁸ (23%)

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Regional members were more likely to identify 'health or physical constrains/disability' as a barrier to walking more often (28%)

Priorities for government action

The top priorities⁹ to encourage people to walk more include:





'Better planning of communities to provide more destinations / amenities / transport services within walking distance'

47%

'Build on / improve the network of footpaths' (up from 38% in 2020)

» Regional members listed this as their top priority (52%)

29%



25%



'Better use of technologies to improve pedestrian safety and experiences'



'Activities to promote and market walking as both a viable and safe mode of transport

- ⁴ The north-east sub-region consists of the City of Swan, the Shire of Mundaring and the Shire of Kalamunda
- The north-west sub-region consists of the Cities of Wanneroo and Joondalup
- For those in the central region, distance was a barrier for 18% and for south metro/ Peel (19%).
 These barriers were identified as the proportion of these groups nominating them was reasonably different to the overall sample.
- ⁸ The south-metro sub-region consists of the Cities of Armadale, Gosnells, Cockburn, Kwinana, Rockingham, Mandurah, Rockingham and Shires of Serpentine Jarrahdale, Murray and Waroona.
 ⁹ Respondents were asked to identify their top three priorities from a prompted list.

